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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/731,572	12/08/2003	David G. Bird	2240P111C	5065
8791 7590 01/03/2008 BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN 1279 OAKMEAD PARKWAY SUNNYVALE, CA 94085-4040				
EXAMINER KIANERSI MITRA				
ART UNIT 2145		PAPER NUMBER		
MAIL DATE 01/03/2008		DELIVERY MODE PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/731,572

Applicant(s)

BIRD ET AL.

Examiner

MITRA KIANERSI

Art Unit

2145

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 03 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08242007.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 34-67 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 34-67 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 12082003 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/CDC)
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
- 6) ☐ Other: _____
- Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(c) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claim 34-67 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Beser et al. (US Patent No.6, 697,862)

1. As per claims 34, 61-62, a method, comprising:
communicating information between Internet protocol (IP) hosts a controller area network (CAN) bus and vehicle modules within the vehicle by encapsulating an IP message in a CAN protocol message to create a CAN/IP message. (Beser discloses a method for using host configuration messages to maintain a network address table in a data-over-cable system is provided. A message, containing a first network address associated with a first network device is received on a second network device. The message is used to acknowledge the first network address for the first network device on the data-over-cable system. A determination is made as to whether the first network address equates to a second network address stored in a network address table associated with the second network device. If the first network address is equal to the second network address, then one or more network addresses associated with the second network address are deleted. A third network address is then stored in the network address table associated with the second network device. The second network address may also be deleted, and the first network address may be stored in the network address table. Col 2, lines 65-67 and col 3, lines 1-15. Beser also teaches that the CPE registration message is a message on the data link layer 42 such as on a Bus or RS232 connection between CM 16 and the CPE 18. Col 28, lines 45-64

2. As per claims 35 and 49, including using the IP destination address to determine a next-hop IP address. (Col 12, lines 41-55 and Table 6 and Table 8 explain the process of next-hop IP address in details).
3. As per claim 36 and 50, including determining a CAN bus address is used based upon the next- hop IP address. (Col 12, lines 41-55 and Table 6 and Table 8 explain the process of next-hop IP address in details).
4. As per claim 37 and 51, wherein if the next hop IP address is a broadcast or multi-cast address, using a CAN global address as the CAN bus address. (Table 8 on Col 18 explains the broadcast multi-cast address).
5. As per claim 38 and 52, including if the next hop IP address is a Unicast address, using an address resolution protocol request to determine the CAN bus address. Col 3, lines 15-34)
6. As per claim 39, 43, 48, 56 and wherein using an address resolution protocol request further comprises: transmitting a CAN bus address request message on the CAN bus; and receiving a reply message from one of the IP hosts, including the CAN bus address. (Col 29, lines 14-29 and col 17, lines 33-67 and col 18, lines 1-11)
7. As per claim 40, further comprising: transmitting the CAN/IP message to the CAN bus address; and receiving the CAN/IP message at a first one of the IP hosts, which corresponds to the CAN bus address. Col 26, lines 3-13).
8. As per claims 41, 53-54 and 57, further comprising after receiving the CAN/IP message, authenticating the CAN/IP message as being from a second one of the IP hosts. (Col 29, lines 48-67).
9. As per claim 42, 46-47, 55 and 58, wherein authenticating the CAN/IP message further comprises:
extracting a CAN source address from the CAN/IP message, wherein the CAN source address is associated with the second one of the IP hosts;
-comparing the CAN source address with known CAN addresses stored in an address resolution protocol (ARP) cache, which stores CAN bus addresses and IP addresses.(Col 29, lines 30-45).

10. The method of claim 44, further comprising after authenticating the CAN/IP message, determining the CAN/IP message type. (Col 29, lines 30-45 and Table 1, describes the authentication and may contain optional vendor specific parameters

11. As per claim 45, wherein if the CAN/IP message type is an ARP request corresponding to the first one of the IP host's IP address, sending an ARP reply verifying the first one of the IP host's address. (Col 13, lines 24-34 and Table 5 illustrates a typical use of DHCP 66 protocol to discover a network host interface from a network host client).

12. As per claim 46, wherein if the CAN/IP message type is an ARP reply to a previously sent ARP request, adding the IP address extracted from the ARP reply to the ARP cache. (Table 4, Table 6 and Table 8)

13. As per claim 47, wherein if the CAN/IP message type is a CAN/IP datagram, extracting and processing the IP message. (Table 4, Table 6 and Table 8).

14. The system of claim 57, wherein the second IP host is configured to extract and process the IP message if the CAN/IP message type is a CAN/IP datagram. Col 3, lines 15-35)

15. As per claim 63, wherein a CAN device and said IP host are coupled to the CAN bus. (Fig. 20 and col 28, lines 45-67 is flow diagram illustrating a method for using Host Configuration messages).

16. As per claim 64, the apparatus wherein the first IP host is configured to communicate with the second IP host by transmitting the CAN/IP message over the CAN bus. (Col 28, lines 45-67).

17. As per claim 65, the apparatus wherein a CAN device and said first and second IP hosts are coupled to the CAN bus. (Col 28, lines 45-64).

18. As per claim 66, the method wherein a result of said encapsulating is a CAN/IP message, which includes an IP destination address. (Col 28, lines 45-64)

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19. As per claim 67, the method wherein a CAN device and said IP hosts are coupled to the CAN bus. (Col 28, lines 45-64 and Table 3 contains a data path through a cable system where the CM 16 responds to the cable data frame and encapsulates a response IP 54 datagram in a PPP 50 frame and transmits it upstream with the modem interface 48 via the PSTN 22 to the Trac 24).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mitra Kianersi whose telephone number is (571) 272-3915. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00AM-4:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jason Cordone can be reached on (571) 272-3933. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Mitra Kianersi
Jan/01/2007

/Jason D Cardone/
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2145